		STUDY MODULE D	ES					
	f the module/subject F Supply System				Co 10	de 10135221010130356		
Field of	study			Profile of study (general academic, practica	I)	Year /Semester		
		ering Extramural Second	-	general academic	,	1/2		
Elective path/specialty Water Suply, Water Soil Protection				Subject offered in: Polish		Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory		
Cycle of	study:		For	m of study (full-time,part-time)			
Second-cycle studies				part-time				
No. of h						No. of credits		
Lectur	Classes	,		Project/seminars:	15	6		
Status c	-	program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another	,			
- - - -		major		univ	ers	ity-wide		
Education areas and fields of science and art						ECTS distribution (number and %)		
techr	ical sciences					6 100%		
	Technical scie	ences				6 100%		
Alicj ema	onsible for subje a Bałut ili: alicja.balut@put.po							
Fac	516652078 ulty of Civil and Enviro Piotrowo 5 60-965 Poz	0 0						
		s of knowledge, skills and	d sa	ocial competencies				
				-				
1	Knowledge	Basic knowledge acquired withir studies Fluid mechanics, Water			ing F	Irst-cycle and Second-cycle		
2	Skills	Use of knowledge obtained and especially Water supply. Self-ed			ubje	cts mentioned above,		
3	Social competencies	Awareness of the need to constantly update and supplement knowledge and skills						
Assu	mptions and obj	ectives of the course:						
	ng and deepening of k ering problems conce	knowledge and skills acquired in the string water supply	he fir	rst-cycle studies required	for se	olution of complex		
	Study outco	mes and reference to the	edu	ucational results fo	rat	field of study		
Know	/ledge:							
1. Stud	ent knows water supp	ly systems calculation methods -	[K2_	_W01, K2_W03]				
2. Stud	ent knows methods u	sed in water supply systems mode	elling	g - [K2_W01, K2_W05, K2	2_WC)7]		
	ent knows hydraulics 01, K2_W07]	models calibration criteria and an	influ	ence of changes in the pa	aram	eters on obtained results -		
		cs needed for water supply syster	ns m	odelling - [K2_W01, K2_\	N05]			
Skills		manage along stantation of the state	al -					
[K2_U	05, K2_U09, K2_U10]	rmance characteristics of selected						
2. Student can perform calculation of selected hydraulic power systems - [K2_U05, K2_U09, K2_U10]								
3. Student is able to build input data basic structure necessary to build computer model of water distribution system - [K2_U01, K2_U05, K2_U07, K2_U08, K2_U09, K2_U10]								
[K2_U(01, K2_U05, K2_U07,	neters that may cause adverse eff K2_U08, K2_U09, K2_U10]						
		eed to check and verify the obtain	ned r	esults - [K2_U01, K2_U0)8, K	2_U10, K2_U15]		
Socia	I competencies:							

Social competencies:

- 1. Student sees the need for systematic increasing his skills and competences [K2_K01]
- 2. Student understands the need for teamwork in solving theoretical and practical problems [K2_K01, K2_K03, K2_K04]
- 3. Student has awareness of decisions impact on outcome of his activities [K2_K02, K2_K05]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Written final exam

Tutorials: evaluation of presentation prepared in subgroups, test

Practical exercises: evaluation of advanced projects, checking of knowledge confirming understanding of presented in projects solutions

Course description

Hydraulic interaction of power water systems. Analysis of universal formulas for lambda coefficient calculation.

Development of informatics tools for modelling and design of water supply network. Modelling of water distribution systems using computer programs. Stages of model construction. Data acquisition methods to build a computer model of water supply network. Use of computer model for analysis and evaluation of water distribution system.

Basics of GIS. Using GIS for water distribution systems modelling. Numeric surface models.

Tasks carried out by measuring equipment for water supply network monitoring.

Methods of water resources problems solving.

Exercise topics:

- 1. The GIS basics concerning modeling of water distribution systems.
- 2. Allocation of water demand points integrated with GIS systen points. Spatial data models.
- 3. History of development of water distribution systems modeling.

4. Water distribution systems quality changes modeling.

5. Calibration, verification and validation methods of hydraulic water distribution systems models.

6. Methods of water distribution systems simplifying - skeletonization.

Basic bibliography:

1. Gabryszewski T., Wodociągi, PWN, Wrocław 1983

2. Knapik K., Bajer J., Wodociągi, Wydawnictwo Politechniki Krakowskiej, Kraków, 2010

3. Mielcarzewicz E., Obliczanie systemów zaopatrzenia w wodę, Arkady, Warszawa 2001

4. Kwietniewski M. i inni, Projektowanie elementów systemu zaopatrzenia w wodę, Wydawnictwo Politechniki Warszawskiej, Warszawa 1998

5. Kwietniewski M., GIS w wodociągach i kanalizacji, PWN, Warszawa, 2008

Additional bibliography:

1. Rossman L. A., EPANET 2 User?s Manual, US EPA, 2000

2. Boulos P.F. , Lansey K.E., Comprehensive Water Distribution Systems analysis Handbook for engineers and planners, MWH Soft., USA, 2006

3. Cesario L., Modeling, Analysis and design of Water Distribution Systems, AWWA, USA, 1995

4. Manual of Water Supply Practices M32, Computer Modeling of Water Distribution Systems, AWWA, USA, 2005

5. Reference Guide for Utilities, Water Distribution System Analysis. Field Studies, Modeling and Management, US EPA,

USA, 2005

Result of average student's workload

Activity		Time (working hours)
1. Participation in lectures		30
2. Participation in practical exercises		15
3. Preparation for the practical exercises		40
4. Preparation for the practical excersises exam		20
5. Preparation for the exam		43
6. Presence at the exam		2
Student's wo	orkload	
Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	150	6
Contact hours	47	2

Practical activities	55	2